



Engine Core

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Agenda

- What is the engine core?
- Technologies
- Overview
- Internals
- Road Map
- How To Contribute

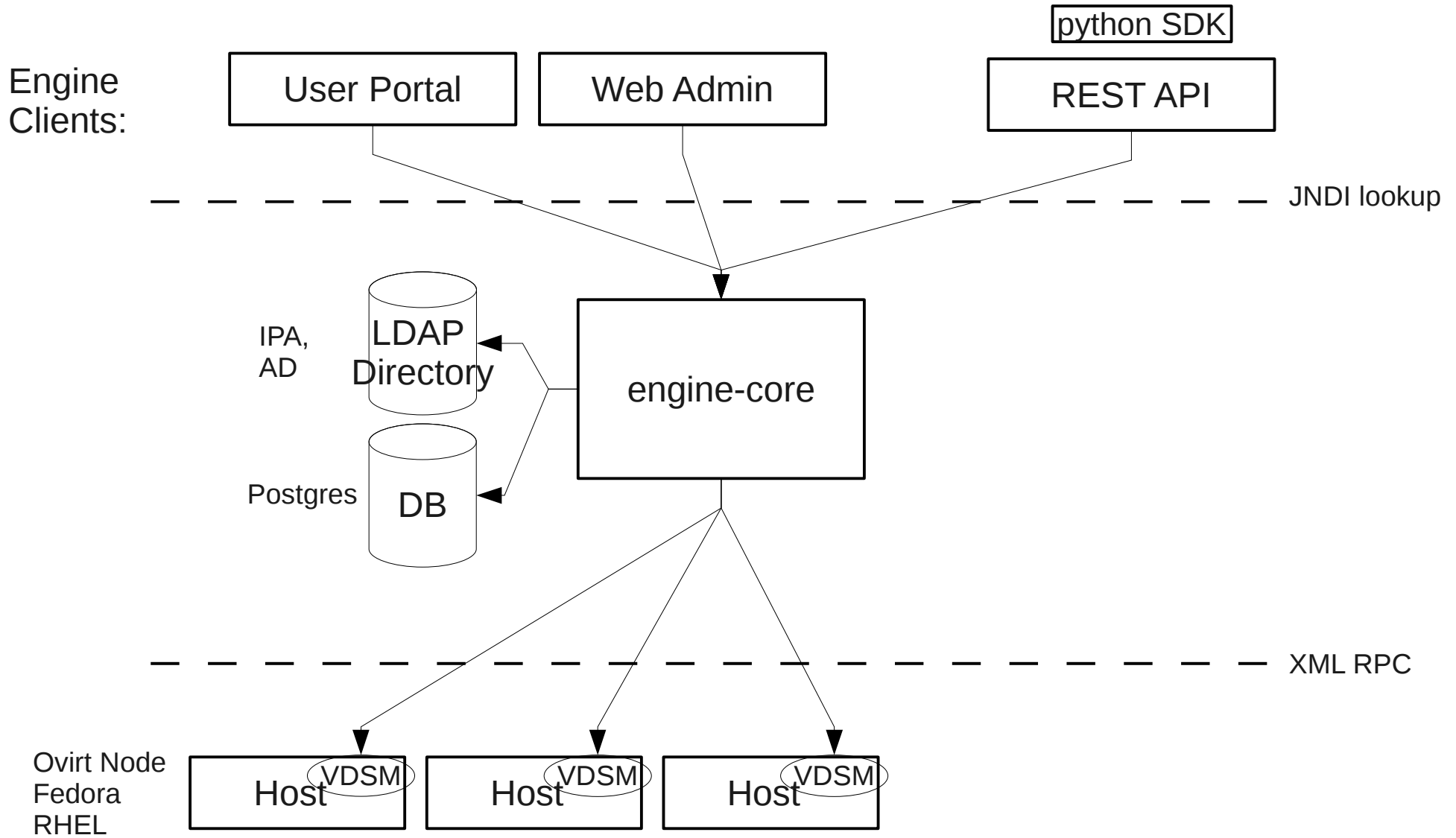
What is the engine core?

- Business logic
- Central component of the oVirt platform
- Process user requests
- Scheduling
- Monitor host agents (vdsm) and vms
- Handle error flows
- Multi-level administration

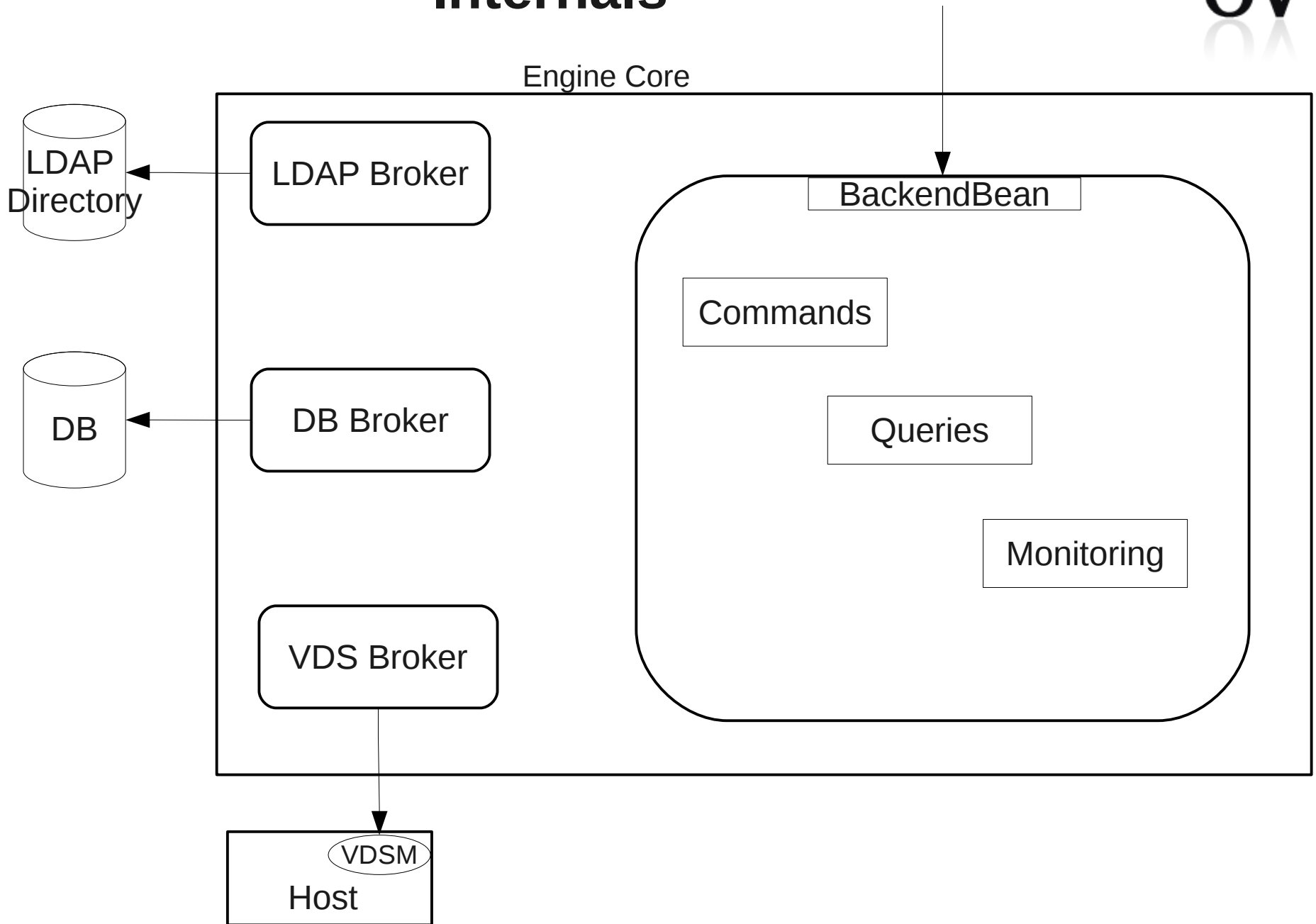
Technologies

- J2EE – runs on JBoss AS 7
- PostgreSQL
- Rest API
- XML-RPC
- Python utilities – mange-domains, configuration..

Overview



Internals



Command Lifecycle

- **CanDoAction**
 - Authorization
 - Backwards compatibility validation
 - Input validation
 - Concrete canDoAction logic
- **Execute**
 - Handle transactivity
 - Concrete execute command logic
 - Error Handling
 - Logging
- **EndAction**
 - End successfully
 - End with failure



Run Action

Query Lifecycle



- Authorization
 - Concrete query logic
- } Run Query
- Async query
 - Get query id and use polling

Search Mechanism

- Lifecycle
 - Cache mechanism
 - Parsing module
 - Syntax checker
 - SQL statement generation
- Dynamically generated SQL Vs. precompiled PostgreSQL functions
- Code is hard to extend and maintain
 - POC of Lucene on top of Hibernate search

Monitoring

- Polling
 - Host
 - Host statistics
 - VM status and statistics
 - Storage & Network visibility
 - SPM
 - Synchronization of
 - SPM Host
 - Master Storage Domain
 - Master version
 - Storage Domains

VDS Broker

- Responsible for interaction with the hosts
 - Specific commands execution, polling..
 - Notify the backend bean of results and alerts
- XML/RPC – auto generated
- Entry Point – ResourceManagerProxy
 - stateless Bean
- Command pattern – BrokerCommandBase
 - SPM Selection
 - Error Handling
 - SPM Failover

Data Access Layer

- JDBC - JdbcTemplate
- Data Source
- Connection pool
- Entry Point – DBFacade
- Calls done through DAOs
- Use PostgreSQL functions
- 100% code coverage in testing

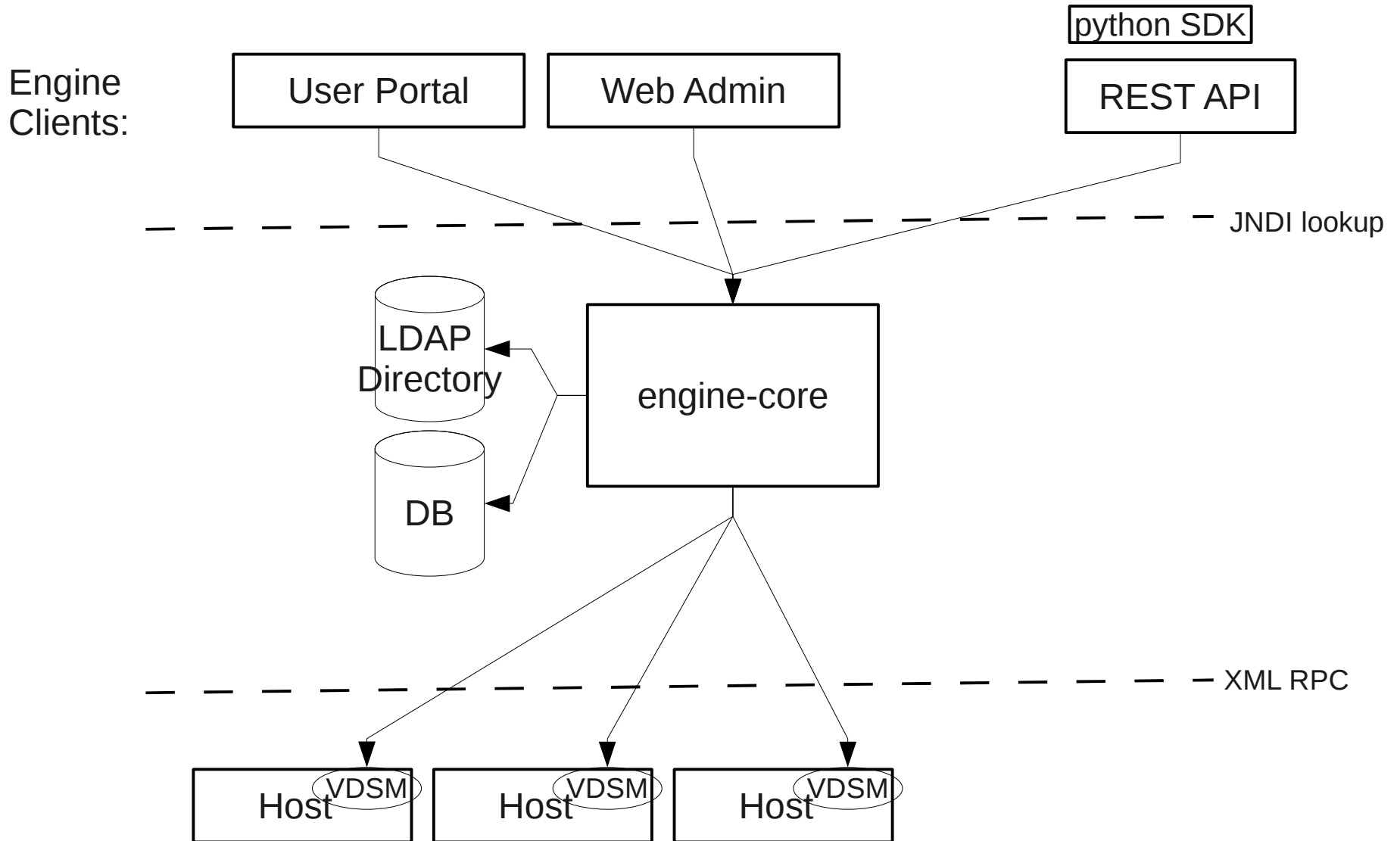
Authentication module

- User management is done via LDAP servers
 - Real Time Discovering (using the LDAP SRV record) the LDAP servers of a specific domain
 - Kerberos authentication to LDAP servers
 - Querying for list of users and groups in the LDAP server
- Caching users/groups from LDAP directories
 - Timely syncs with LDAP servers
- Currently Supporting IPA and Active Directory (Auto-detecting the LDAP server type)
- Other LDAP vendors can be easily integrated
- The configuration of new domains is done via an external utility: `ovirt-manage-domains`

Multi Level Administration

- LDAP-Entity: user/group
- Role:
 - Action groups
 - Predefined Roles (SuperUser, PowerUser, User)
- System, Everyone
- Permission
 - LDAP-Entity + Role + Object
- Objects hierarchy
- Each command holds information on the required permission object

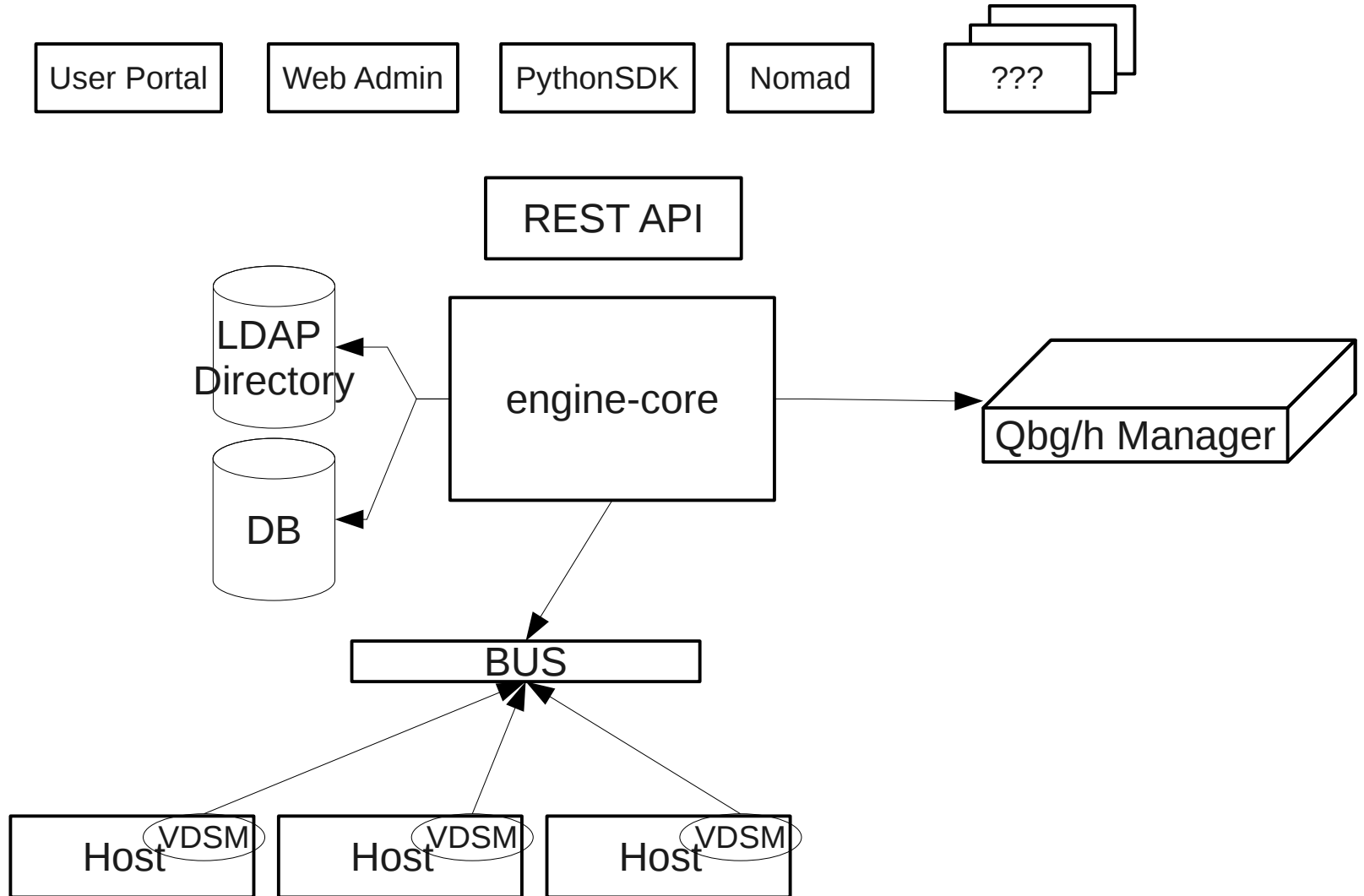
Road Map - Today



Road Map - Tomorrow



Engine Clients:



Road Map



- Task Management
- Commands prioritization
- Integrating policy engine (VM scheduling policy, PM policy etc.)
- Unit tests: JPA – multiple DB Vendors, VDSM Mock
- HA
- Scale out

How To Contribute

- Git repository
 - git://gerrit.ovirt.org/ovirt-engine
- Getting started wiki -
 - http://www.ovirt.org/wiki/Buildig_oVirt_engine
- IRC Channel
 - #ovirt on oftc

oVirt

THANK YOU !

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